

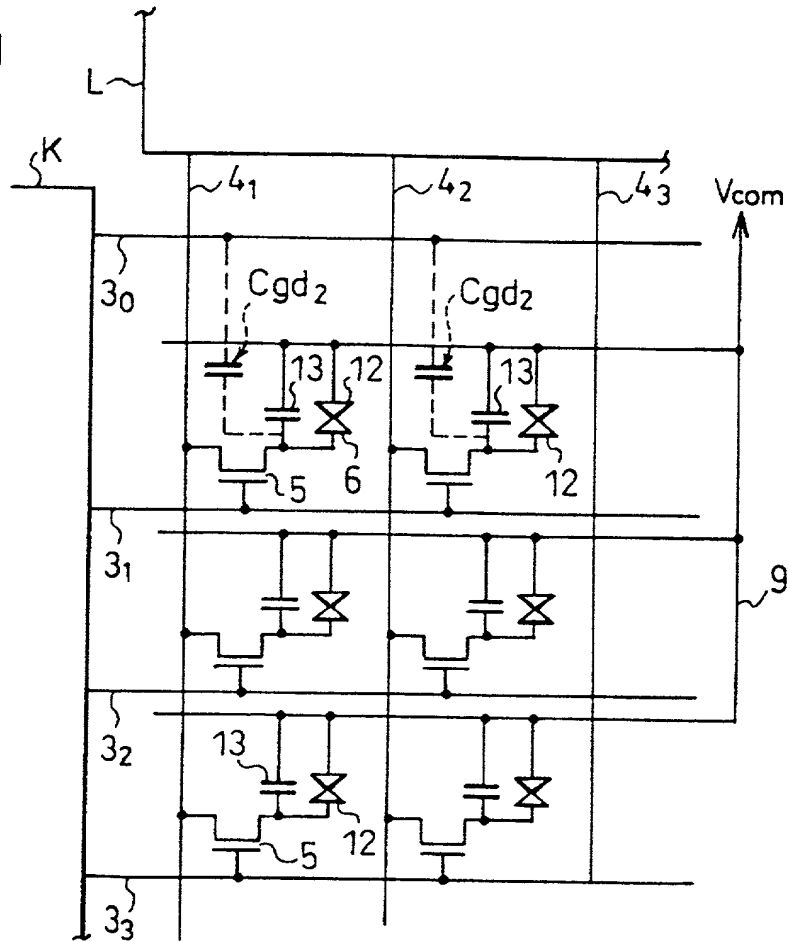
[illegible]

Figure 1 consists of four vertically stacked time-domain plots labeled G_0 , G_1 , G_2 , and G_3 . Each plot shows a signal over time, with a horizontal axis representing time and a vertical axis representing signal amplitude.
 - G_0 : A periodic square wave with a constant amplitude. A horizontal double-headed arrow below the first pulse indicates its duration is ΔT .
 - G_1 : A square wave where the signal is zero for a duration ΔT (indicated by a horizontal double-headed arrow), then returns to the original amplitude.
 - G_2 : A square wave where the signal is zero for a duration ΔT (indicated by a horizontal double-headed arrow), then returns to the original amplitude.
 - G_3 : A square wave where the signal is zero for a duration ΔT (indicated by a horizontal double-headed arrow), then returns to the original amplitude.

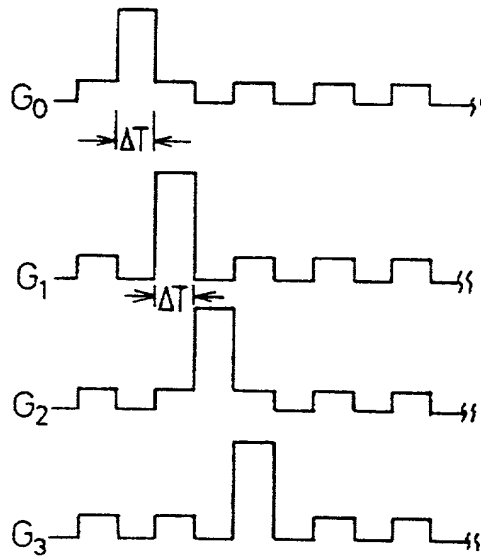


FIG. 5

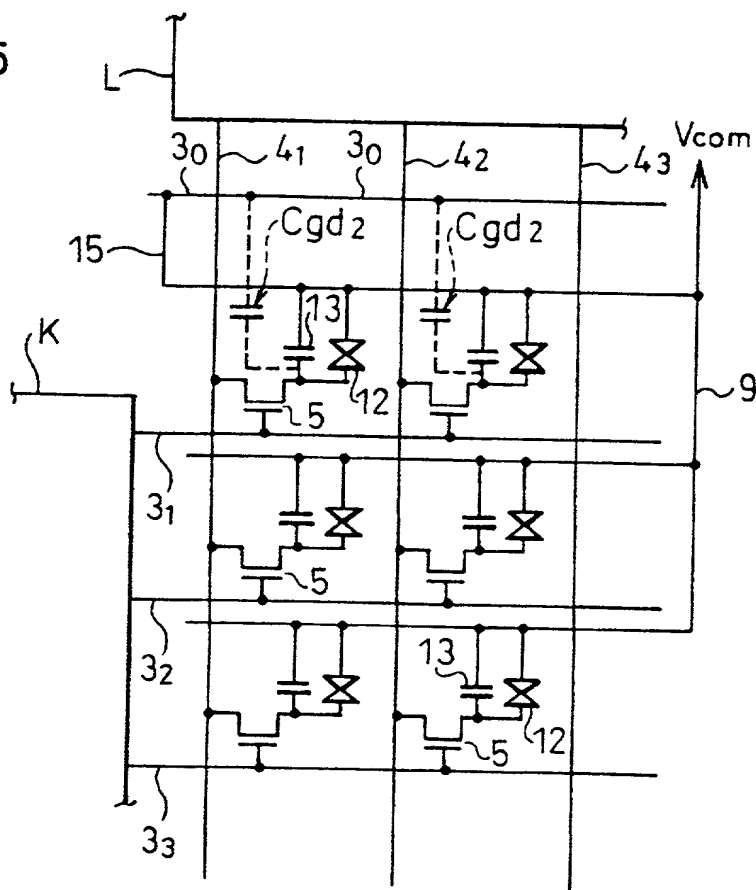


FIG. 6

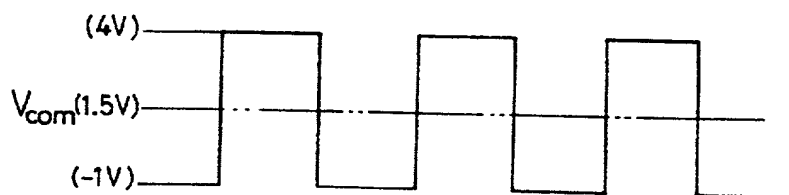


FIG. 7

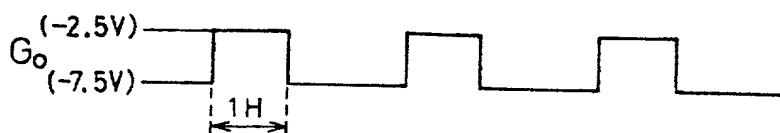


FIG. 8

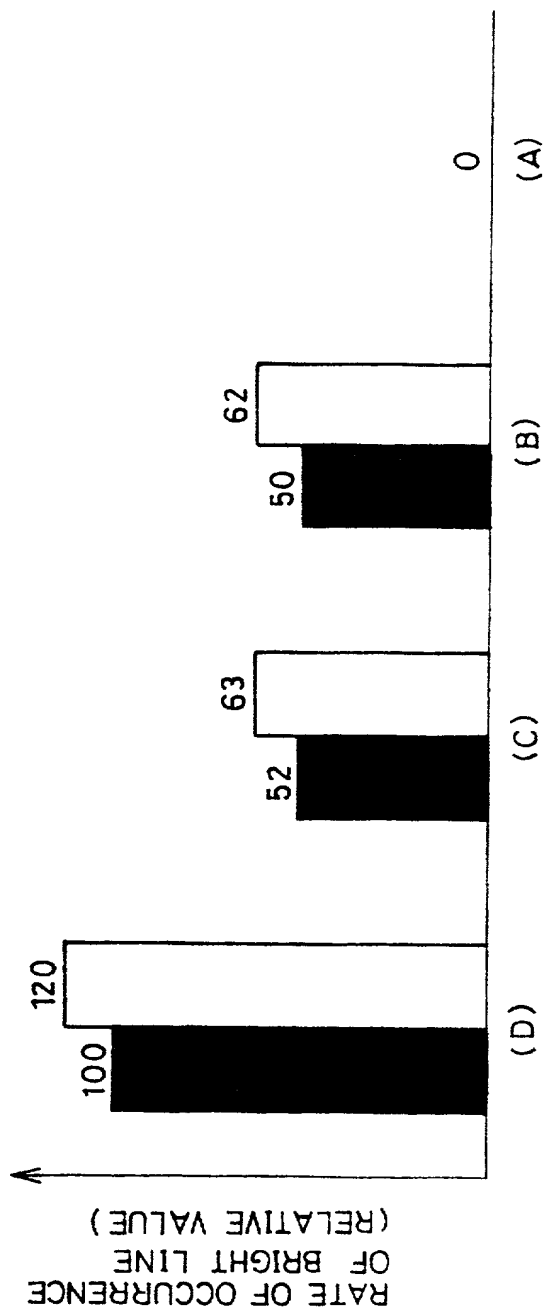


FIG. 9

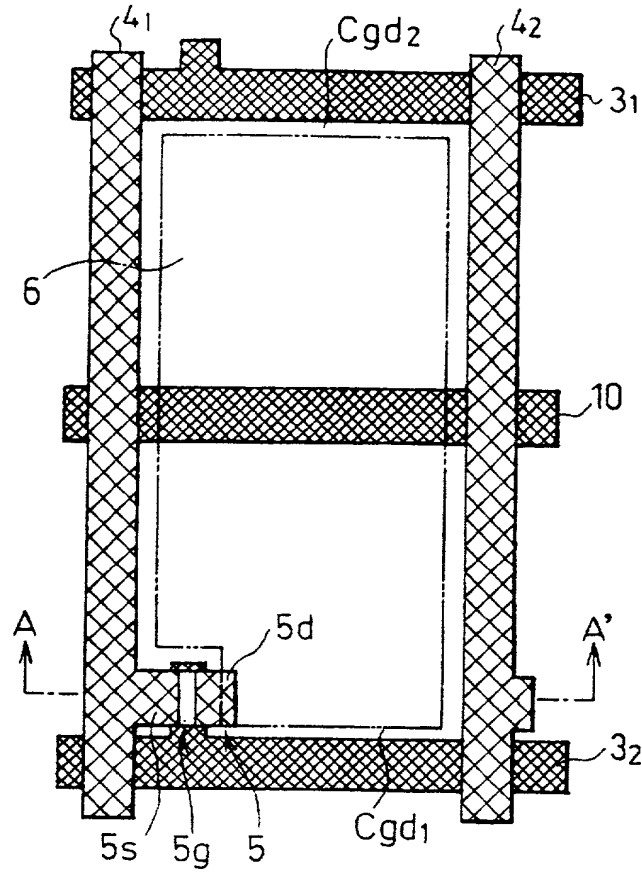


FIG. 10

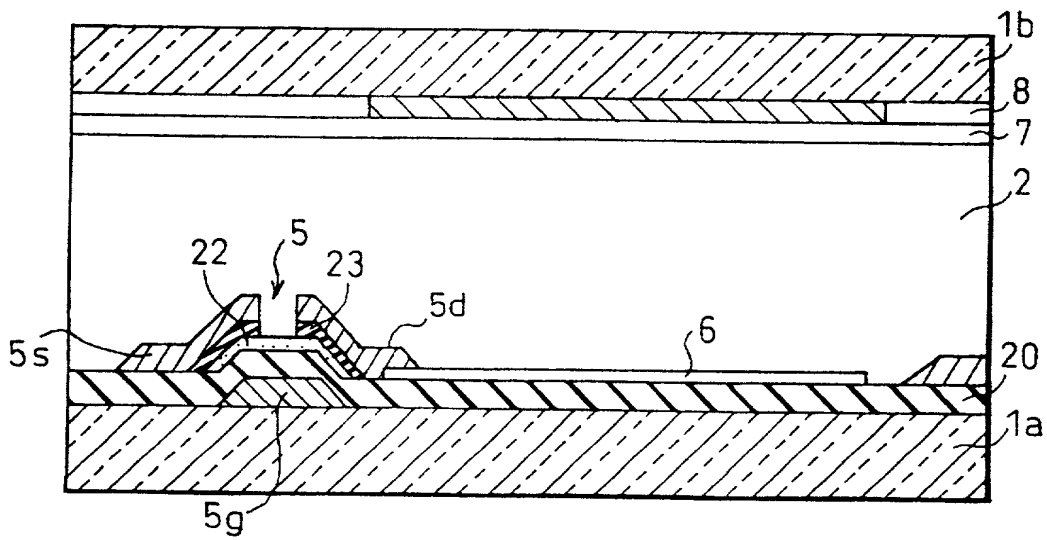


FIG.11

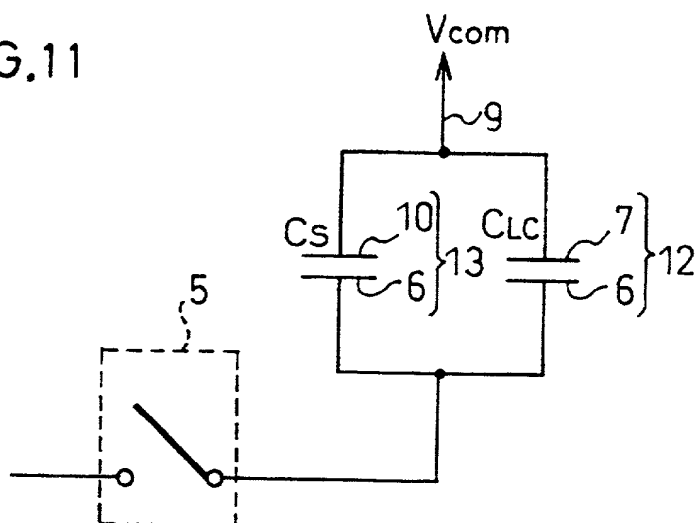


FIG.12

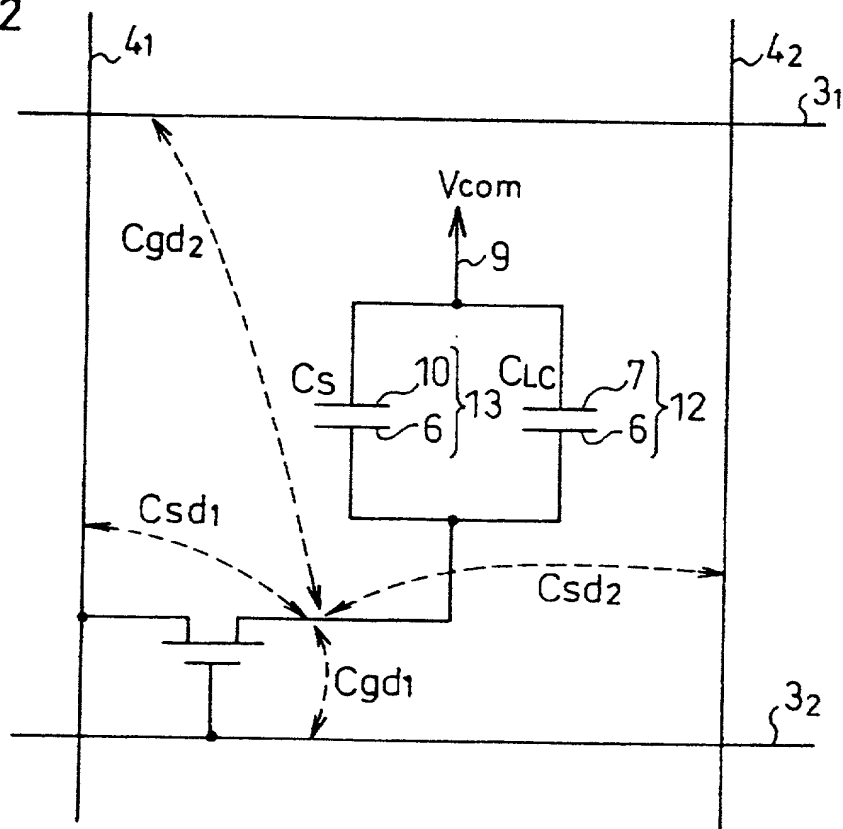


FIG. 15

